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EARTHWORM (ANNELIDA: OLIGOCHAETA) DIVERSITY AT SAGAR ISLAND, SOUTH 24 PARGANAS DISTRICT, WEST BENGAL

AMIT CHOWDHURY

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Reviewer: Peter Smetacek

Earthworms belong to Megadrili oligochaetes and correspond to the orders Moniligastrida and Haplotaxida excluding suborder Tubificina. Perrier (1872) was first to report an earthworm species *Perichaeta houlleti* Perrier, 1872 from West Bengal. Thereafter, Beddard (1901), Michaelsen (1907) and Stephenson (1923) had contributed to the taxonomic studies of earthworms from West Bengal. Later, considerable work was done by Gates (1937, 1938a, b), Julka (1988), Soota & Halder (1981), Halder (1998), Chowdhury & Hazra (2009), Chowdhury *et al.* (2010, 2011).

A study was conducted between June 2017 and October, 2018. The aim of this study was to document the diversity of earthworm fauna in some habitats of Sagar Island. Specimens were collected from Rudranagar, Manasdwip (near Ramakrishna Mission Ashram), Ganga Sagar, Chemaguri, Kaylapara, Phoolbari and Beguakhali.

The study area i.e., Sagardwip is situated in the Ganges delta near the confluence of the Ganges and the Bay of Bengal, which is nearly 100 km south of Kolkata in the district of South 24 Parganas of West Bengal. It is surrounded by the Muriganga river to the north and east and Hooghly to the west. It is popularly known as Gangasagar. This island faces severe threat from soil erosion, breach of embankments, loss of landmass and rising sea

level. The flora mainly consists of betel vine, paddy, sunflower, Mangifera indica, Cocos nucifera, and Musa paradisiaca. Other notable vegetations are Bombax ceiba, Terminalia arjuna, Albizzia lebbeck, Bambusa tulda, Colocasia esculenta, Cynodon dactylon, Solanum nigrum, Centella asiatica, Coccinia cordifolia, Marsilea minuta etc. Soil of this site is alluvial in nature and clay silt loam in texture. Some areas are muddy with a large content of organic matter and salt on the seashore and margins of estuaries. Collection, narcotisation and preservation of earthworm samples were carried out following Julka (1988) and the specimens were deposited in the collection of the East Calcutta Girls' College at the address above.

In the present study, 15 species of earthworms belonging to 5 families were recorded (Table 1). Out of 15 species, 6 species belong to family Megascolicidae, 5 species belong to family Octochaetidae, 2 species belong to family Moniligastridae and family Acanthodrilidae and Almidae each represented by a single species. Among the earthworm population Metaphire posthuma were most numerous, whereas Glyphidrilus tuberosus were fewest. Population peak was observed during monsoon and post-monsoon season.

Table 1. List of earthworm species observed.

| Sl. | Species | Family | Abundance during monsoon |
|-----|---|-----------------|--------------------------|
| No. | | | and post monsoon seasons |
| 1. | Pontodrilus bermudensis Beddard | Acanthodrilidae | 15-19/m ² |
| 2. | Glyphidrilus tuberosus Stephenson | Almidae | $1-3/m^2$ |
| 3. | Lampito mauritii Kinberg | Megascolecidae | 8-15/m ² |
| 4. | Metaphire posthuma (Vaillant) | Megascolecidae | 19-22/ m ² |
| 5. | Metaphire houlleti (Perrier) | Megascolecidae | 6-8/m ² |
| 6. | Perionyx excavatus Perrier | Megascolecidae | $10-15/m^2$ |
| 7. | Polypheretima elongata (Perrier) | Megascolecidae | 4-6/m ² |
| 8. | Amynthas corticis (Kinberg) | Megascolecidae | 4-6/m ² |
| 9. | Drawida nepalensis Michaelsen | Moniligastridae | $7-11/m^2$ |
| 10. | Drawida papillifer papillifer Stephenson | Moniligastridae | 9-12/m ² |
| 11. | Eutyphoeus incommodus (Beddard) | Octochaetidae | 5-6/m ² |
| 12. | Eutyphoeus nicholsoni (Beddard) | Octochaetidae | 3-6/m ² |
| 13. | Eutyphoeus orientalis (Beddard) | Octochaetidae | 6-9/m ² |
| 14. | Octochaetona beatrix (Beddard) | Octochaetidae | $2-7/m^2$ |
| 15. | Octochaetona surensis (Michaelsen) | Octochaetidae | 2-5/m ² |

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